Westlake US 2 Received 11/01/2023

SNT Satellite Update InSAR Subsidence October 28, 2023

Longuist comment:

The SNT satellite (12-day revisit) passed by Sulphur on Saturday October 28. We received the dataset Monday and verified that none of the datapoint areas around the dome and caverns near the western flank are showing deviation from their respective trends. The attached evaluation report has been prepared for reference.



SNT Satellite Update

Continuous InSAR Monitoring of Ground Displacement Near Western Caverns and Dome Flank

Sulphur Mines Salt Dome

Prepared for: Westlake Chemical

Prepared by: Lonquist & Co., LLC 8591 United Plaza Blvd., Suite 280 Baton Rouge, LA 70809

Dataset

Satellite Source

Sentinel-1 (SNT)

Most Recent Image Date

Saturday, October 28, 2023

Analysis Report Date:

November 1, 2023

Dataset Information							
Satellite Source	Sentinel-1 (SNT)						
Revisit Frequency	12 days						
Most Recent Image Date	Saturday, October 28, 2023						
Dataset Image Count	190						
Dataset Time Range	October 4, 2016 - October 28, 2023						
Dataset Length	7.06 Years						
Satellite Line-of-Sight (LOS)	43° West of Vertical (Viewing site from the West)						

Analysis Methodology

Time Series Charts

Trend lines were calculated for the averaged displacement values within each AOI. Quadratic regression was used to determine Velocity and Acceleration of LOS displacement. Trends calculated for the AOI point groups are depicted for each AOI in the Time Series section of this report.

Contour Maps

A quadratic trend was also calculated for each individual measurement point across the analysis region. Trend values for each point were used to generate Velocity and Acceleration contour maps to depict the spatial distribution of the movement trends. Negative velocity values indicate subsidence. Negative acceleration values indicate increasing rates of subsidence and positive acceleration values indicate slowing rates of subsidence.

Recent vs. Historical Data

The multi-year SNT dataset timeframe allows for Recent data to be evaluated separately from Historical data and for trends from the two timeframes to be compared. The change in the velocities and accelerations from the two timeframes are provided in the Time Series and Contour Map sections. Velocity values are calculated for the final date in either the Recent or Historical datasets.

Observations

To-date there have been <u>no acute deviations</u> from established subsidence trends in the areas investigated.

The comparison of Recent to Historical trends in the SNT data does imply a minor increase in the negative velocity and negative acceleration of LOS displacement in <u>AOI 1</u>, <u>AOI 2</u>, <u>AOI 3</u>, <u>AOI 6</u> (PPG 6), <u>AOI 7</u> (PPG 7), <u>AOI 8</u> (PPG 22), and <u>AOI 9</u> (SMS A1). This suggests that marginal increases in subsidence rates may be occuring in these areas in recent years with the greatest increase occuring in <u>AOI 8</u>.

In the mapped contours of the change in recent vs. historical subsidence rates, the greatest change is seen to be occuring in <u>AOI 8</u> (PPG 22) and moderate increases in subsidence rates are seen in all but AOI 4 and AOI 5 (PPG 21), in both the velocity and acceleration maps. This supports the average trend change values presented in the AOI Analysis Summary.



Nathaniel L. Byars, P.E. Principal Engineer Louisiana License No. 40697

InSAR Data Sources

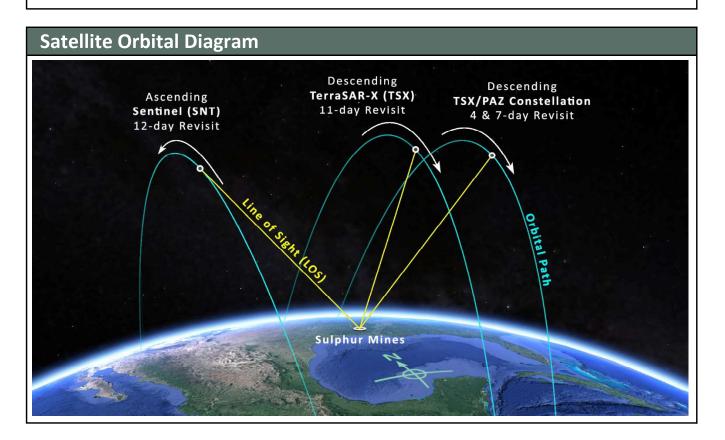
InSAR Data

Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (InSAR) is the most well established method to continually evaluate small, normally undetectable, ground movement over a large area. Radar imagery collected via satellites over successive orbital passes is used to identify and define measurement points on the ground. Objects or ground features providing a stable reflection of radar energy such as buildings, roads, and infrastructure produce the highest quality measurement points. InSAR analysis identifies the change in distance between the satellite and each measurement point over time relative to a stable reference point within the imaged area.

Satellite Sources

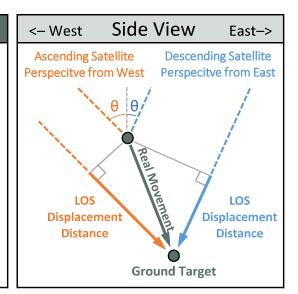
Two InSAR datasets are being used to evaluate subsidence over the Sulphur Mines Salt Dome. These datasets provide Line-of-Sight (LOS) displacment measurements from both ascending and descending orbits. An ascending orbit denotes the satellite's longitudinal course from south to north as it passes over the site, while a desceding orbit denotes the satellite is moving from north to south.

The first dataset comes from a low-resolution Sentinel-1 (SNT) satellite on an ascending orbit that captures data from the west of the site on a 12-day frequency. The second comes from a pair of high resolution satellites that share the same descending orbit and capture data from east of the site. These are a TSX satellite and the PAZ satellite (TSX/PAZ constellation), both with an 11-day revisit frequency. Their orbits are offset with the PAZ satellite passing over the site 4 days after the TSX satellite. Prior to May 2023, data was captured from a different high-resolution TerraSAR-X (TSX) satellite on a descending orbit that captured data from the east of the site on an 11-day frequency. The transition was made for the increased data frequency that resulted from a 4 and 7-day revisit period. The image below depicts the orbital paths of the satellites in relation to the Sulphur Mines Salt Dome.



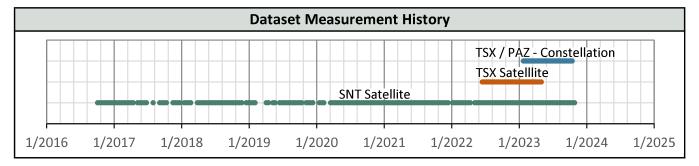
InSAR Line-of-Site (LOS) Data

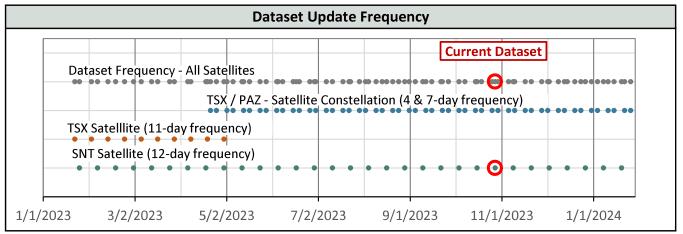
LOS displacement measurements refer to a change in distance between the satellite sensor and the ground target. Measurement positions on the west side of the Sulphur Dome are are known to be experiencing some eastward movement toward the dome center due to the geometry of the subsidence basin. The InSAR satellites view the site from eastward and westward positions so LOS measurements are understood to convey a movement distance that is not purely vertical. The diagram to the right illustrates the geometric relationship between the theoretical Real movement of a ground target and LOS displacement measurements from two different satellite viewing directions.

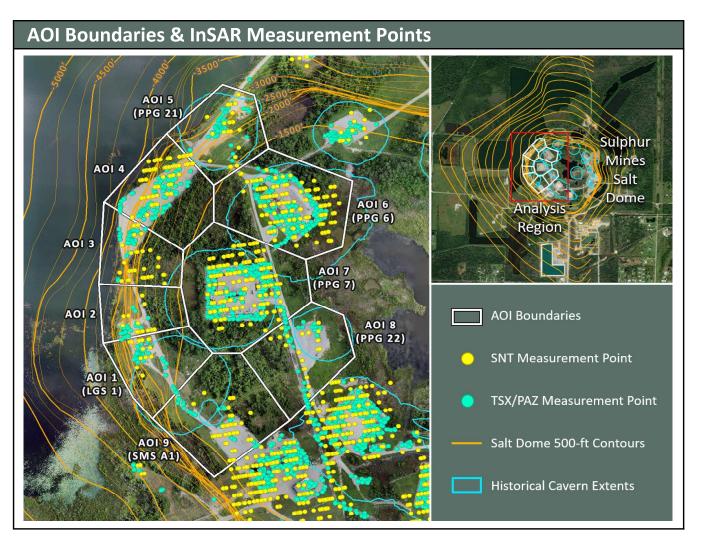


Satellite Properties & Image Frequency

Satellite and Data Properties	SNT	TSX	TSX/PAZ Constellation	
Band (Wavelength)	C-band (2.20 in)	X-band (1.22 in)	X-band (1.22 in)	
Track	T136	T29	T67 & T120	
Pixel resolution	65 x 16 ft	3 x 3 ft	3 x 3 ft	
Revisit frequency	12 days	11 days	4 & 7 days	
Orbit (LOS Angle, $ heta$)	Ascending (43 ^o)	Descending (17º)	Descending (37°)	
Data Start Date	10/4/2016	6/16/2022	1/24/2023	
Measurement error range	± 0.20 in	± 0.03 in	± 0.03 in	



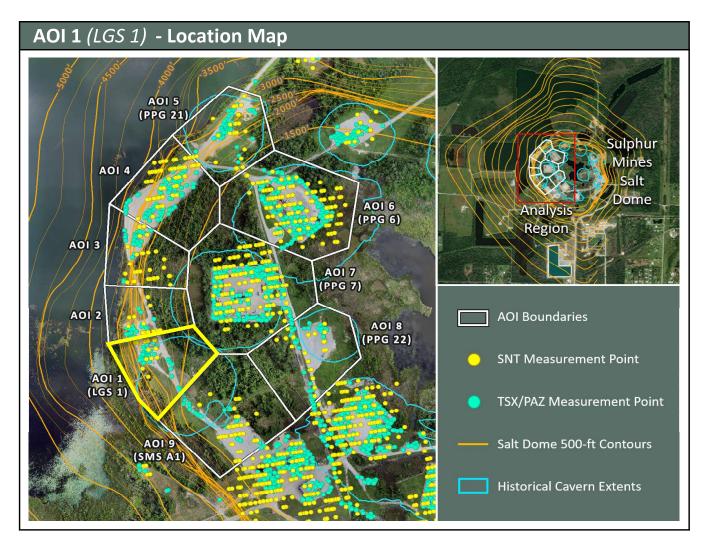


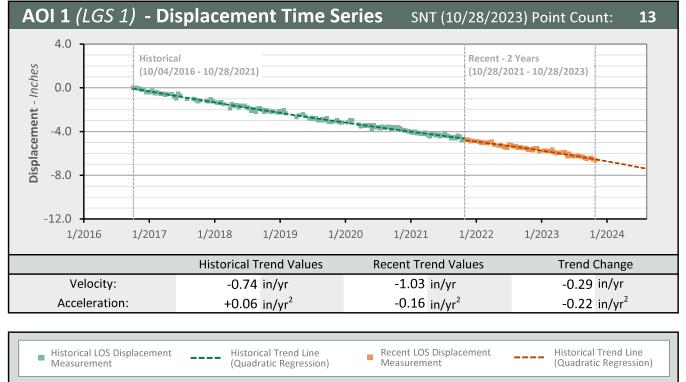


Subsidence Monitoring Areas of Interest (AOIs)

To visually convey and evaluate trend consistency for the displacement time series of each ground target, measurment points were grouped and their displacement values were averaged. The point groups are referred to as Areas of Interest (AOIs) in this analysis and their boundaries are depicted on the above map. The below table lists the trend values calculated in each AOI for the dataset evaluated in this report.

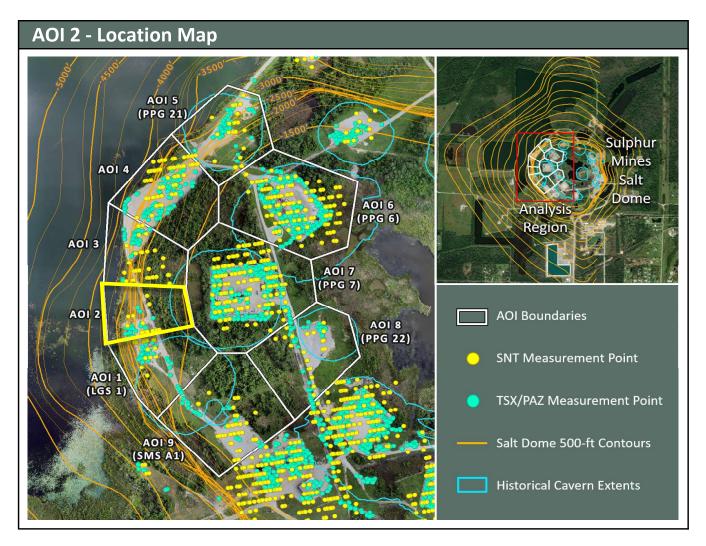
AOI Name	SNT (10/28/2023)	LOS Velocity (in/yr)			LOS Acceleration (in/yr ²)		
	Point Count	Historical	Recent	Change	Historical	Recent	Change
AOI 1 (LGS 1)	13	-0.74	-1.03	-0.29	+0.06	-0.16	-0.22
AOI 2	15	-0.74	-1.11	-0.37	+0.08	-0.12	-0.21
AOI 3	29	-0.65	-0.93	-0.28	+0.04	-0.24	-0.28
AOI 4	63	-0.73	-0.68	+0.05	+0.02	+0.02	+0.00
AOI 5 (PPG 21)	24	-0.67	-0.52	+0.15	+0.02	+0.08	+0.07
AOI 6 (PPG 6)	134	-0.87	-0.95	-0.08	+0.06	-0.04	-0.10
AOI 7 (PPG 7)	140	-0.99	-1.26	-0.27	+0.09	-0.15	-0.24
AOI 8 (PPG 22)	21	-1.06	-1.50	-0.44	+0.13	-0.25	-0.38
AOI 9 (SMS A1)	39	-0.79	-1.04	-0.26	+0.10	-0.16	-0.27

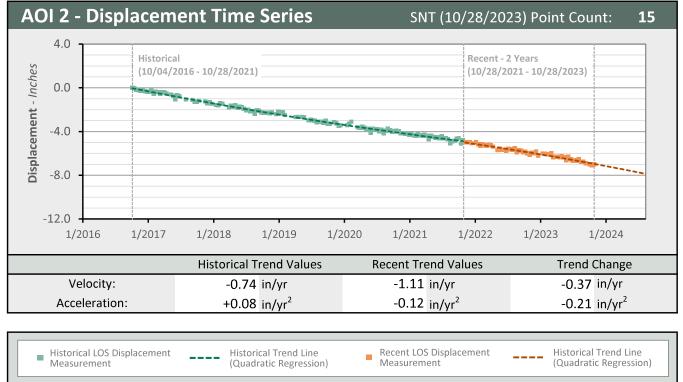




LOS Displacement Time Series - AOI Point Groups

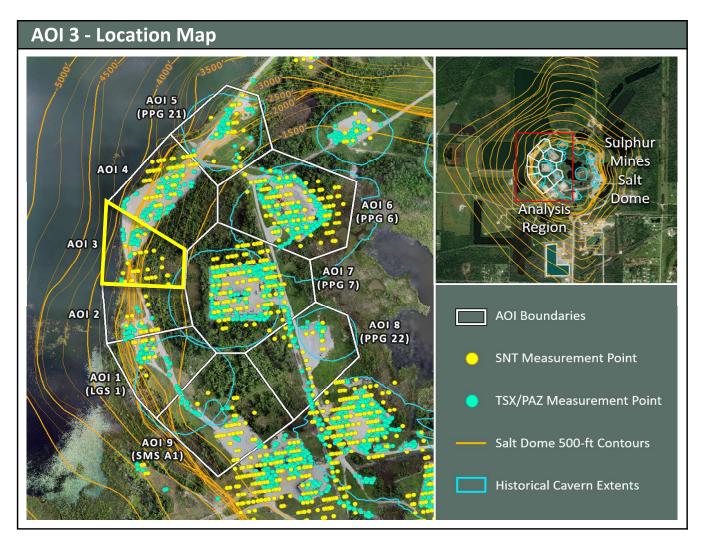
LONQUIST & CO. LLC

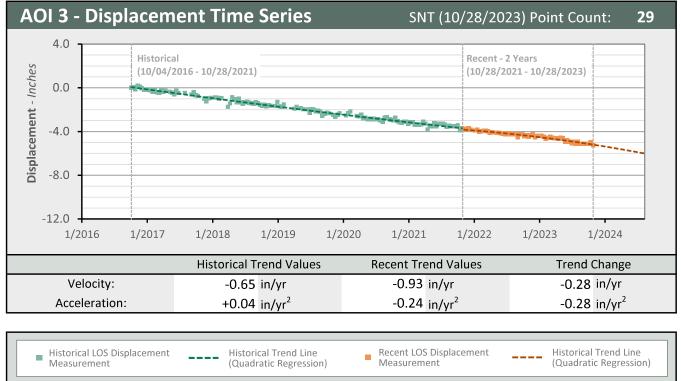




LOS Displacement Time Series - AOI Point Groups

LONQUIST & CO. LLC



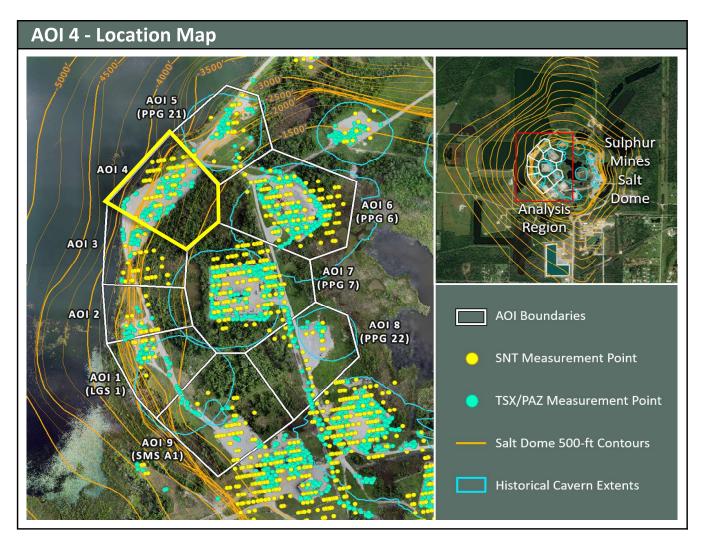


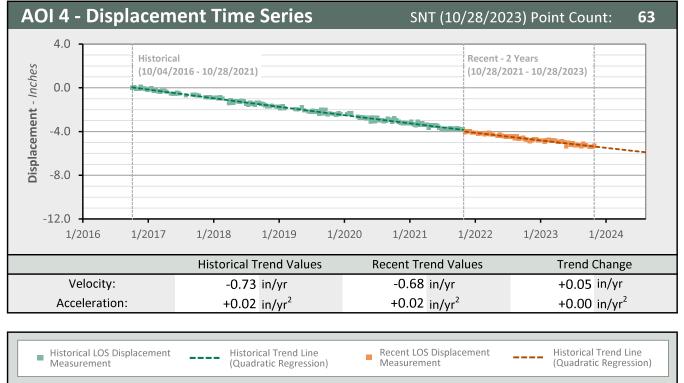
Dataset: SNT (10-28-2023).xlsx

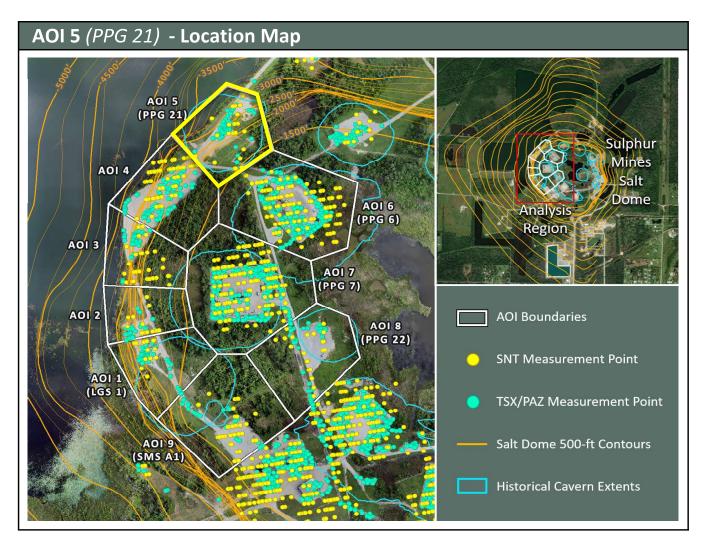
Analysis Date: 11/1/2023

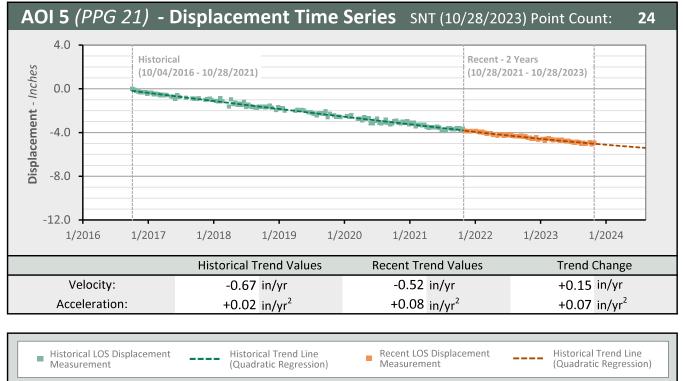
LOS Displacement Time Series - AOI Point Groups

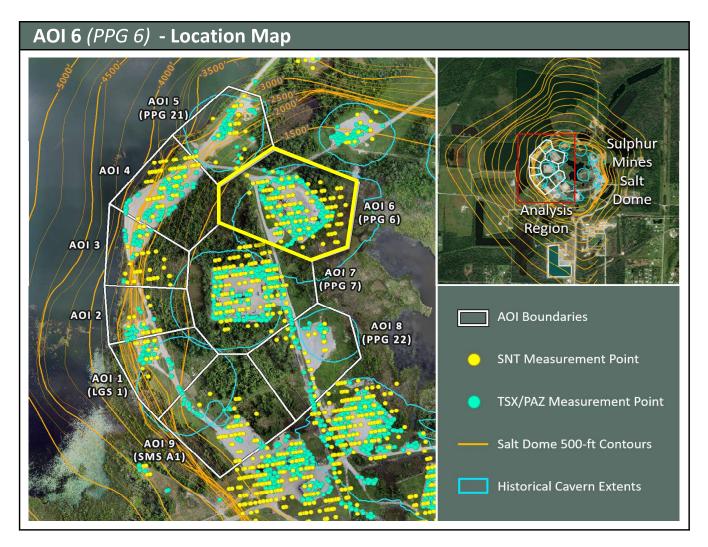
LONQUIST & CO. LLC

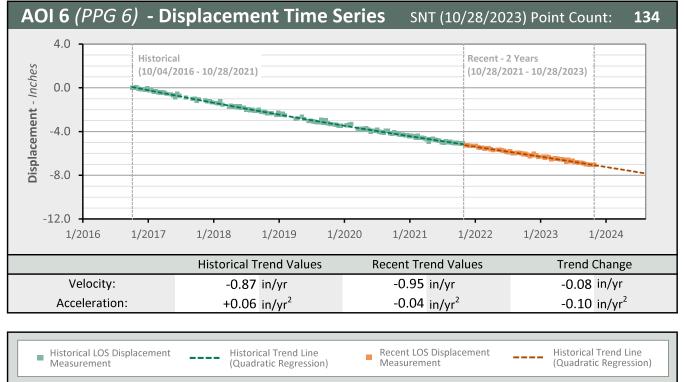


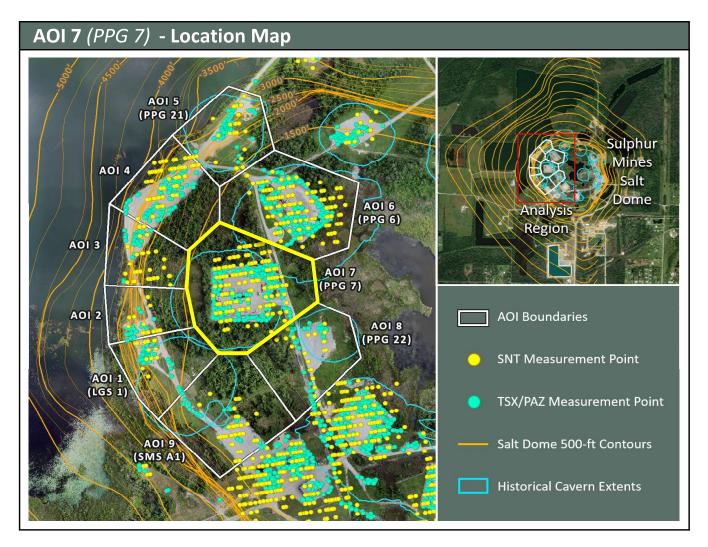


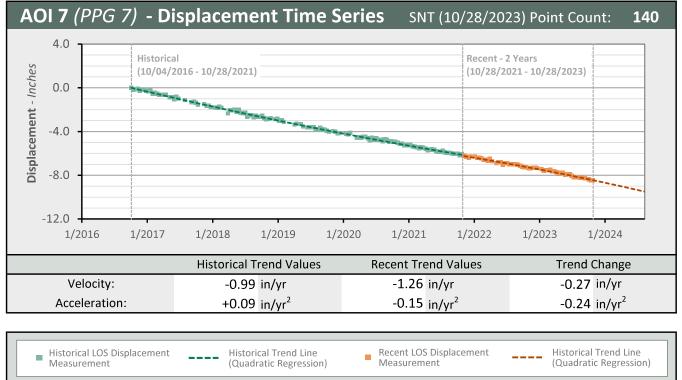


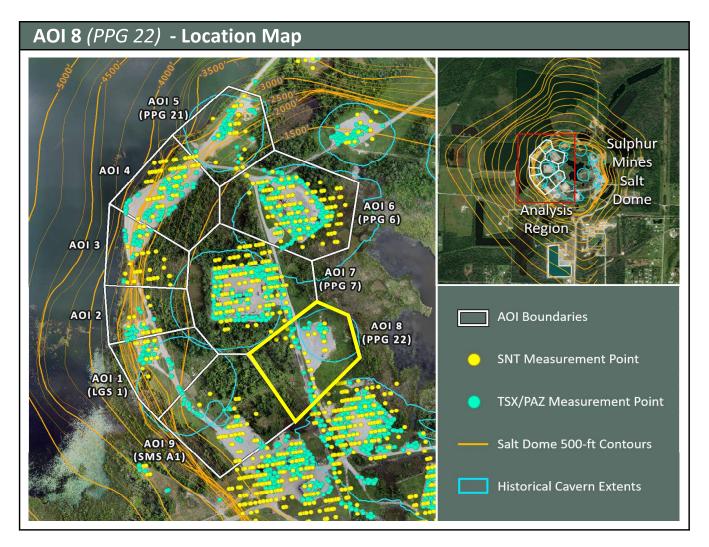


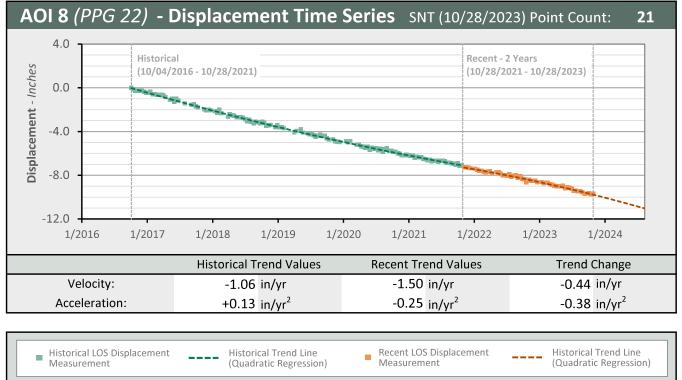


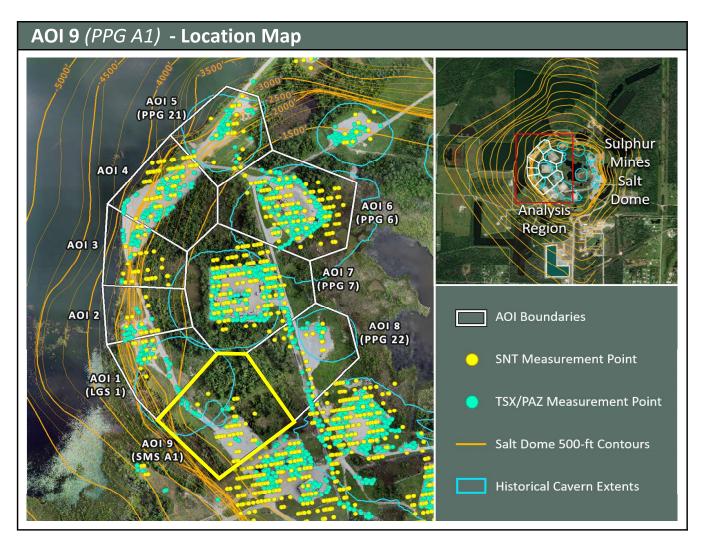


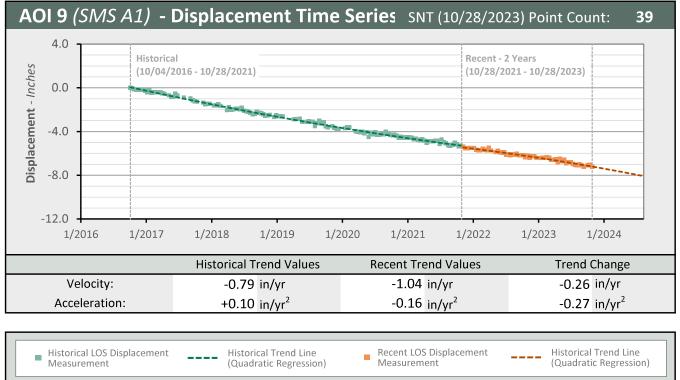


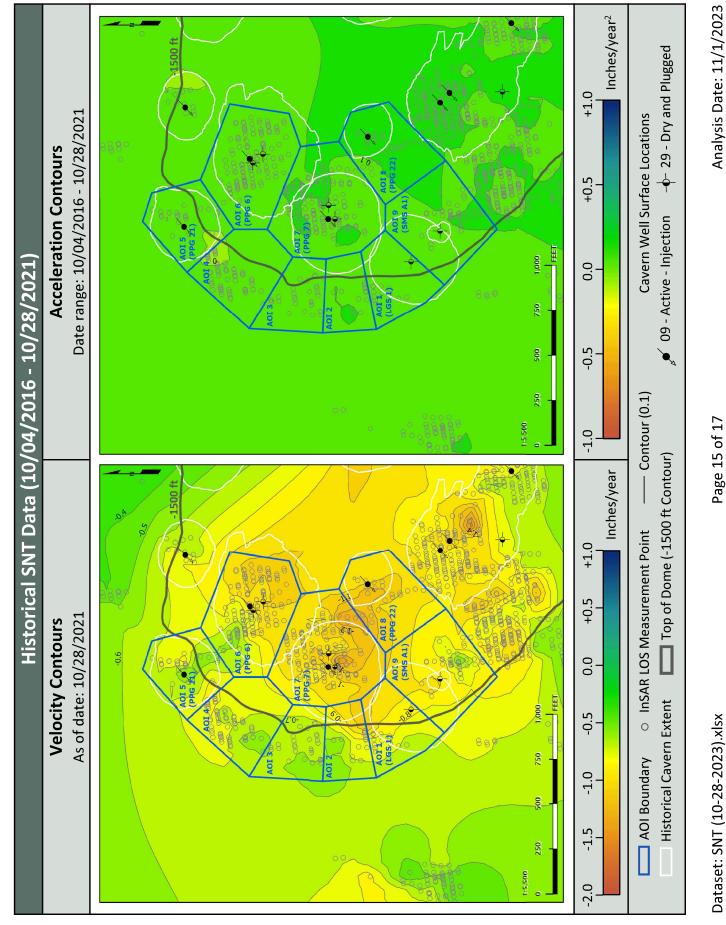




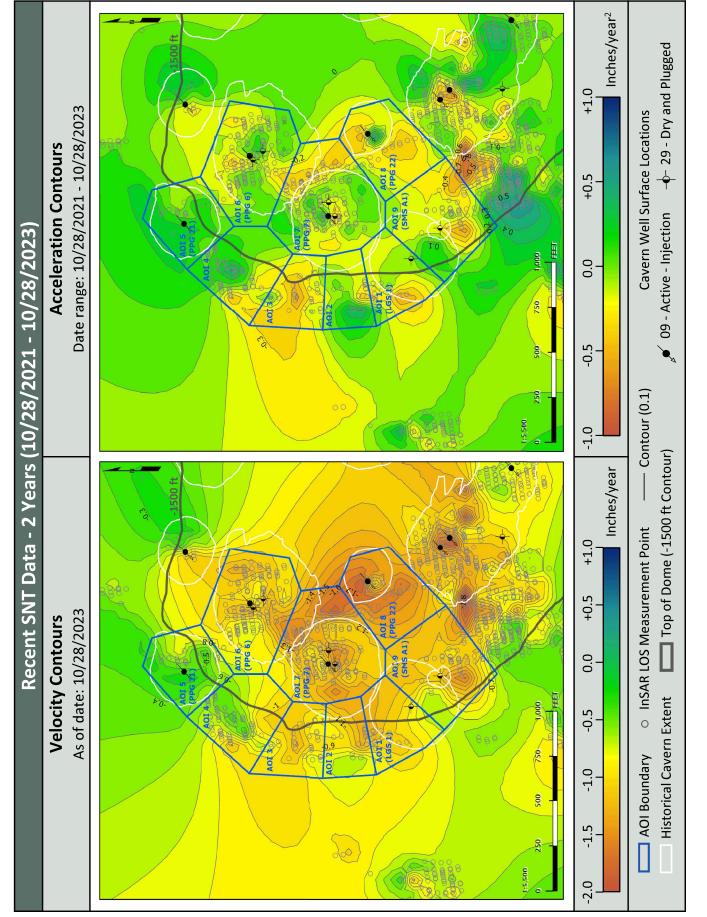






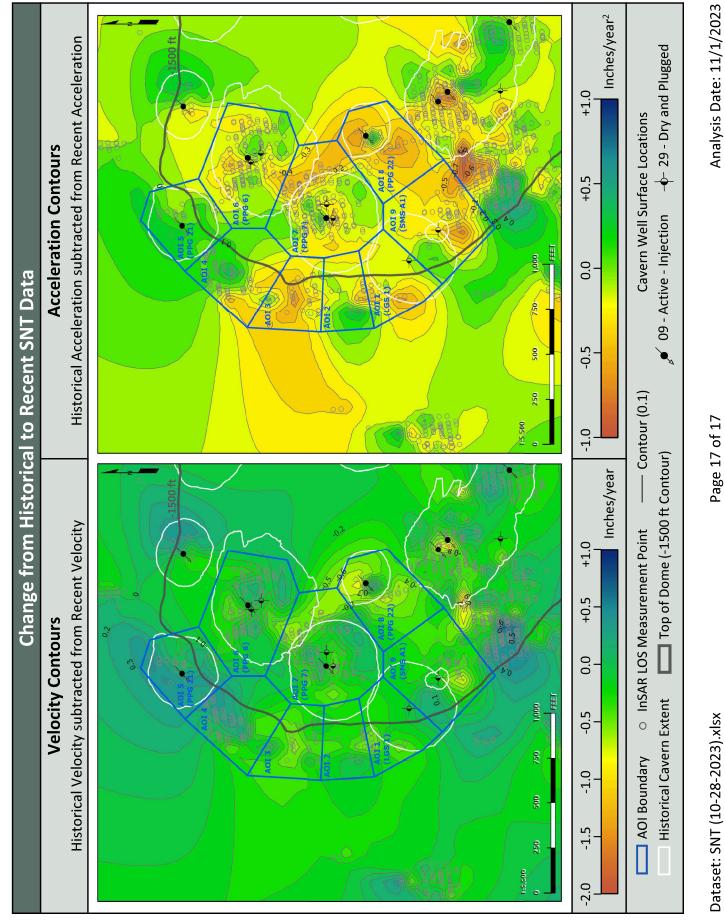


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Dataset: SNT (10-28-2023).xlsx

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