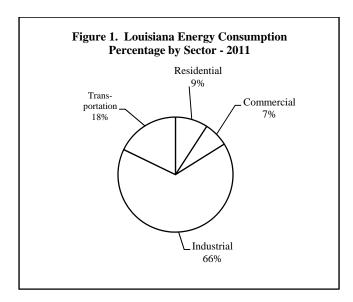
LOUISIANA, AN ENERGY CONSUMING STATE: AN UPDATE USING 2011 DATA

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Louisiana ranks high among the states in overall energy consumption. Louisiana remained 4th in total energy consumption in 2011 after jumping from 8th the previous year. Louisiana also remained 3rd in per capita energy consumption for 2011. The main reason for Louisiana's high energy consumption is the extremely energy intensive petrochemical and petroleum refining industry that is located in the state. The abundance of Louisiana's natural resources has historically meant low energy prices, which have attracted a large cluster of energy intensive industries to the state. Figures 1 & 2 below show Louisiana energy consumption by sector and source. The large amount of energy consumed by the petrochemical and petroleum refining industry is reflected in the high percentage for the industrial sector and the high percentages for natural gas and petroleum.



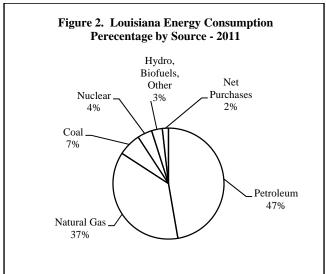


Table 1 shows where Louisiana ranks among the states in various energy consumption categories and lists the top energy consuming state for each category.

Louisiana is also a large producer of energy, mainly in the form of crude oil and natural gas. Table 2 on the following page presents the Louisiana energy balance for 2011. The energy balance is calculated both inclusive and exclusive of Louisiana's OCS oil and gas production.

Table 1. Louisiana Energy Consumption Rankings Among the States - 2011						
Category	Rank	TBTU	#1 State (TBTU)			
Residential	24	371.5	Texas (1,745.5)			
Commercial	22	281.4	California (1,556.1)			
Industrial	2	2,679.7	Texas (6,087.6)			
Transportation	10	722.7	California (3,000.5)			
Coal	30	270.0	Texas (1,695.2)			
Natural Gas	3	1,502.9	Texas (3,756.9)			
Petroleum	3	1,925.7	Texas (5,934.3)			
Electricity	17	294.7	Texas (1,283.1)			
Total	4	4,055.3	Texas (12,206.6)			
Per Capita (MBTU)	2	886.5	Wyoming (974.7)			

Table 2. Louisiana Energy Balance - 2011 ¹

EN	NERGY SOURCE	PRODUCTION	CONSUMPTION	NET STATE ENERGY Excluding OCS	PRODUCTION Including OCS
PETROLEUM:	STATE OIL ² LOUISIANA OCS OIL ²	409.3 TBTU ⁴ (70.6 MMBBL) 2,521.3 TBTU ⁴ (434.7 MMBBL)	1,908.3 TBTU (359.1 MMBBL)	-1,499.0 TBTU	1,022.3 TBTU
NATURAL GAS:	STATE GAS ³ LOUISIANA OCS GAS ³	3,037.4 TBTU ⁴ (2.981 TCF) 1,353.1 TBTU ⁴ (1.328 TCF)	1,502.5 TBTU (1.475 TCF)	1,534.9 TBTU	2,888.0 TBTU
COAL:	LIGNITE	53.0 TBTU (3.865 MMSTON)	270.0 TBTU (16.8 MMSTON)	-217.0 TBTU	-217.0 TBTU
NUCLEAR ELECTE	RIC POWER	173.9 TBTU (16.6 Billion kWH)	173.9 TBTU (16.6 Billion kWH)	0.0 TBTU	0.0 TBTU
HYDROELECTRIC	, BIOFUELS & OTHER	127.1 TBTU	127.1 TBTU	0.0 TBTU	0.0 TBTU
NET INTERSTATE INCLUDING ASSO	PURCHASES OF ELECTRICITY CIATED LOSSES		73.6 TBTU	-73.6 TBTU	-73.6 TBTU
TOTALS:	EXCLUDING LOUISIANA OCS	3,800.7 TBTU	4,055.4 TBTU	-254.7 TBTU	
	INCLUDING LOUISIANA OCS	7,675.1 TBTU	4,055.4 TBTU		3,619.7 TBTU

The Louisiana energy balance for 2011 shows that the state consumed 254.7 more TBTUs of energy than it produced if Louisiana OCS production is not included. If Louisiana OCS production is included, the state is a net producer of energy by 3,619.7 TBTUs.

TCF = Trillion Cubic Feet OCS = Outer Continental Shelf (federal waters seaward of the state's 3-mile offshore boundary)

TBTU = Trillion BTU's kWH = Kilowatt hour

MMBBL = Million Barrels MMSTON = Million Short Tons

- 1. Unless otherwise noted, data is obtained from the Energy Information Administration's latest published figures for state energy consumption.
- 2. Includes condensate
- 3. Includes gas plant liquids
- 4. Louisiana Department of Natural Resources data