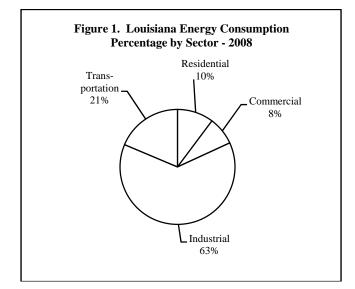
## LOUISIANA, AN ENERGY CONSUMING STATE: AN UPDATE USING 2008 DATA

by

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Louisiana ranks high among the states in overall energy consumption. In 2008, Louisiana remained ranked 8<sup>th</sup> in total energy consumption and 3<sup>rd</sup> in per capita energy consumption. The main reason for Louisiana's high energy consumption is the extremely energy intensive petrochemical and petroleum refining industry that is located in the state. The abundance of Louisiana's natural resources has historically meant low energy prices, which have attracted a large cluster of energy intensive industries to the state. Figures 1 & 2 below show Louisiana energy consumption by sector and source. The large amount of energy consumed by the petrochemical and petroleum refining industry is reflected in high percentage for the industrial sector and the high percentages for natural gas and petroleum.



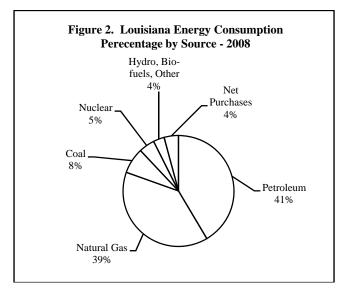


Table 1 shows where Louisiana ranks among the states in various energy consumption categories, and lists the top energy consuming state for each category.

Louisiana is also a large producer of energy, mainly in the form of crude oil and natural gas. Table 2 on the following page presents the Louisiana energy balance for 2008. Energy production from Louisiana's federal OCS area dwarfs state production. The energy balance is calculated both inclusive and exclusive of Louisiana's OCS oil and gas production.

Table 1. Louisiana Energy Consumption Rankings         Among the States - 2008						
Category	Rank	TBTU	#1 State (TBTU)			
Residential	25	356.6	Texas (1,615.6)			
Commercial	24	276.3	California (1,639.8)			
Industrial	2	2,204.0	Texas (5,651.6)			
Transportation	13	650.7	California (3,217.9)			
Coal	30	262.5	Texas (1,605.9)			
Natural Gas	3	1,359.8	Texas (3,656.2)			
Petroleum	5	1,450.1	Texas (5,498.9)			
Electricity	20	268.6	Texas (1,184.2)			
Total	8	3,487.5	Texas (11,552.2)			
Per Capita (MBTU)	3	783.4	Alaska (1,016.1)			

## Table 2. Louisiana Energy Balance - 2008<sup>1</sup>

<u>E</u>	NERGY SOURCE	PRODUCTION	<b>CONSUMPTION</b>	<u>NET STATE ENERGY</u> Excluding OCS	<u>PRODUCTION</u> Including OCS
PETROLEUM:	STATE OIL <sup>2</sup> LOUISIANA OCS OIL <sup>2</sup>	420.9 TBTU <sup>4</sup> (72.6 MMBBL) 2,248.9 TBTU <sup>4</sup> (387.7 MMBBL)	1,445.9 TBTU (275.2 MMBBL)	-1,025.0 TBTU	1,223.9 TBTU
NATURAL GAS:	STATE GAS <sup>3</sup> LOUISIANA OCS GAS <sup>3</sup>	1,407.4 TBTU <sup>4</sup> (1.360 TCF) 1,701.1 TBTU <sup>4</sup> (1.644 TCF)	1,359.8 TBTU (1.314 TCF)	47.6 TBTU	1,748.7 TBTU
COAL:	LIGNITE	52.7 TBTU (3.843 MMSTON)	262.5 TBTU (16.4 MMSTON)	-209.8 TBTU	-209.8 TBTU
NUCLEAR ELECT	TRIC POWER	160.7 TBTU (15.4 Billion kWH)	160.7 TBTU (15.4 Billion kWH)	0.0 TBTU	0.0 TBTU
HYDROELECTRIC	C, BIOFUELS & OTHER	112.7 TBTU	112.7 TBTU	0.0 TBTU	0.0 TBTU
	E PURCHASES OF ELECTRICITY DCIATED LOSSES		146.0 TBTU	-146.0 TBTU	-146.0 TBTU
TOTALS:	EXCLUDING LOUISIANA OCS	2,154.4 TBTU	3,487.6 TBTU	-1,333.2 TBTU	
	INCLUDING LOUISIANA OCS	6,104.4 TBTU	3,487.6 TBTU		2,616.8 TBTU

The Louisiana energy balance for 2008 shows that the state consumed 1,333 more TBTUs of energy than it produced if Louisiana OCS production is not included. If Louisiana OCS production is included, the state is a net producer of energy by 2,617 TBTUs.

TCF = Trillion Cubic Feet TBTU = Trillion BTU's MMBBL = Million Barrels OCS = Outer Continental Shelf (federal waters seaward of the state's 3-mile offshore boundary) kWH = Kilowatt hour MMSTON = Million Short Tons

1. Unless otherwise noted, data is obtained from the Energy Information Administration's latest published figures for state energy consumption.

2. Includes condensate

3. Includes gas plant liquids

4. Louisiana Department of Natural Resources data